

MEASLES IS CIRCULATING

FREE Immunization Clinics

October 2026

Tuesday, 9/29/26

9:00am - 1:00pm
Baptist Church of Ellington
530 Route 62
Conewango Valley, NY 14726

Friday, 10/2/26

9:00am-1:00pm
Trinity Church
1230 Wigren Road
Frewsburg, NY 14738

Monday, 10/5/26

9:00am - 1:00pm
Cherry Creek Country Church
6813 North Main Street
Cherry Creek, NY 14723

Friday, 10/9/26

9:00am - 1:00pm
Troyer Greenhouse
1669 Weeks Road
Panama, NY 14767

Wednesday, 10/14/26

9:30am - 12:00pm
Abbe Reformed Church
595 Clymer-Sherman Road
Clymer, NY 14724

Wednesday, 10/21/26

11:00am - 2:00pm
Fredonia Presbyterian Church
219 Central Avenue
Fredonia, NY 14036

Wednesday, 10/28/26

10:00am - 3:30pm
**Salvation Army Food
Distribution Ctr**, 83 S Main,
Jamestown, NY 14701

Thursday, 10/29/26

11:00am - 2:00pm
West Portland Baptist Church
7081 US Route 20
Westfield, NY 14787

Appointments encouraged. Walk-in welcome.

CALL: 716-753-4491



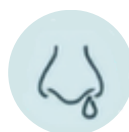
**Measles symptoms
typically include:**



High fever
(may spike to
more than 104F)



Cough



Runny nose



**Red and/or
watery eyes**



Rash
(breaks out 3-5 days
after symptoms
begin)

Measles can be serious.

Measles can cause severe health complications, including pneumonia, swelling of the brain and death.



1 out of 5 people who get
measles will be hospitalized.



1 out of every 20 children with
measles will get pneumonia, the
most common cause of death from
measles in young children.



1 out of every 1,000 people with
measles will develop brain swelling,
which may lead to brain damage.



1 to 3 out of 1,000 people with
measles will die.

Long-term complications

A very rare, but deadly disease
called subacute sclerosing
panencephalitis can develop 7
to 10 years after a person has
recovered from measles.

Protect your family. Protect our community.

DO YOU THINK YOUR CHILD HAS MEASLES?

What to do if you think your child has measles

Measles usually starts with a fever, cough, runny nose, and red eyes that leads to a rash. If someone in your family has measles symptoms:

Keep them away from family members that are not sick.

Everyone in the house should stay home to not get your neighbors or people outside of your home sick.

Call a doctor or hospital right away to let them know someone in your home is sick with measles. They will give you instructions.



When to go to the emergency room

If the person who is sick gets rapidly worse or has any of symptoms below take them to the emergency department of a hospital immediately.

DO NOT WAIT.



Trouble breathing
(or breathing faster than normal)



Pain when breathing or coughing



Dehydration
(dry nose and mouth, urinating less, crying without making tears)



Fever or headache will not stop



Confusion, decreased alertness, or severe weakness



Blue color around the mouth, low energy, or difficulty feeding
(for young children)

Have someone call before you arrive. Let the hospital know a person with measles is coming.

BE READY FOR MEASLES
[cdc.gov/measles](https://www.cdc.gov/measles)



More information on back